Phylum - Reptilia MCQ Question Answer

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Question: 1. A snake has

Option A. movable eyelids
Option B. immovable eyelids
Option C. noeyeslids
Option D. only nictitating membrane

Question: 2. Special articular surfaces on the vertebrae of snakes are

Option A. pre- and post-zygapophysis
Option B. zygantera and zygosphenes
Option C. neural arches and haemal arches
Option D. none of these

Question: 3. Vertebrae of reptiles are

Option A. Amphicoelous
Option B. Procoelous
Option C. Platycoelous
Option D. Gastrocoelous

Question: 4. A urinary bladder is absent in

Option A. Chameleon
Option B. House lizard
Option C. Snake
Option D. Crocodile

Question: 5. Copulatory organs are absent in

Option A. Lizards
Option B. Sphenodon
Option C. Snakes
Option D. Crabs

Question: 6. Which of the following reptiles have the shortest tail ?

Option A. Garden lizard
Option B. Cobra
Option C. Chameleon
Option D. Python

Question: 7. A third eye is present in the forehead of

Option A. Vipers

Option B. Cobra
Option C. Lizard
Option D. Sphenodon

Question: 8. Gap of the mouth is very wide in

Option A. Wall lizard
Option B. Vipers
Option C. Flying lizard
Option D. Garden lizard

Question: 9. A viviparous lizard is

Option A. Mabuya
Option B. Chameleon
Option C. Hemidactylus
Option D. None of these

Question: 10. The largest lizard is

Option A. Heloderma
Option B. Chameleon
Option C. Ophiosaurus
Option D. Varanus

Question: 11. A snake lacks middle ear, but perceives sound through

Option A. air
Option B. snout
Option C. skin
Option D. tongue

Question: 12. All reptiles are

Option A. Poikilothermic and Amniotic
Option B. Homiothermic and Amniotic
Option C. Poikilothermic and Anamniotic
Option D. Homiothermic and Anamniotic

Question: 13. Crocodiles have

Option A. acrodont and homodont dentition
Option B. homodont and thecodont dentition
Option C. heterodont and thecodont dentition
Option D. heterodont and acrodont dentition

Question: 14. The group of reptiles similar to sphenodon is

Option A. turtles and tortoises

Option B. alligators
Option C. snakes
Option D. lizards

Question: 15. If the dorsal median row of scales on the back are large and the fourth infralabial is largest, it is a

Option A. cobra
Option B. python
Option C. viper
Option D. krait

Question: 16. A well developed secondary palate is found in

Option A. garden lizard
Option B. crocodiles
Option C. cobras
Option D. vipers

Question: 17. The only poisonous lizard of the world is

Option A. Varanus-monitor lizard
Option B. Heloderma-g\l& monster
Option C. Ophiosaurus-glass snake
Option D. Chameleon-coloured lizard

Question: 18. A limbless lizard is

Option A. Ophiothrix
Option B. Heloderma
Option C. Ophiosaurus
Option D. Both (a) and (b)

Question: 19. A parietal eye is found in

Option A. coral snake
Option B. sea snake
Option C. sphenodon
Option D. garden lizard

Question: 20. The venom of viper effects

Option A. respiratory system
Option B. circulatory system
Option C. digestive system
Option D. nervous system

Question: 21. In poisonous snakes, the poison injecting teeth or fangs develop on

Option A. mandibles
Option B. maxilla
Option C. squamosal
Option D. quadrate

Question: 22. The long and powerful tail of crocodiles is

Option A. dorsoventraly flattened
Option B. compressed from side to side
Option C. cylindrical and tapering
Option D. all of these

Question: 23. Typhlop is

Option A. glass snake
Option B. blind snake
Option C. tree snake
Option D. sea snake

Question: 24. Which one of these is a sea snake?

Option A. Eryx johnii
Option B. Naja naja
Option C. Enhydrina
Option D. Bungarus

Question: 25. If a snake has small belly scales and a cylindrical tail, it is a

Option A. poisonous snake
Option B. non-poisonous snake
Option C. (a) or (b)
Option D. (a) and (b)

Question: 26. Pleurodont dentition is characteristic of

Option A. fishes and amphibians
Option B. all the reptiles
Option C. lizards and snakes
Option D. egg laying mammals

Question: 27. The snakes belong to the group

Option A. Chelonia
Option B. Ophidia
Option C. Lacertilia
Option D. Rhyncocephalia

Question: 28. Glass snake is a

Option A. true snake

Option B. lizard

Option C. protochordate

Option D. pseudosnake

Question: 29. Which one of these is a fossil ?

Option A. Hetttidaclylus

Option B. Chameleon

Option C. Draco

Option D. Sphenodon

Question: 30. Which is not true of reptiles ?

Option A. Their body is covered with dry, horny, mesodermal scales

Option B. Their skin is devoid of glands

Option C. They are poikilothermous

Option D. Their skeletons are more bony than in amphibians

Answer Sheet

1	B	
2	B	
3	D	
4	C	
5	B	
6	B	
7	D	
8	B	
9	B	
10	D	
11	C	
12	A	
13	B	
14	D	
15	D	
16	B	
17	A	
18	C	
19	C	
20	B	
21	B	
22	B	
23	B	
24	C	
25	B	
26	C	
27	B	
28	B	
29	D	
30	A	